

Class Notes: ~~SM~~ Writing and Solving Systems of Equations w/ rref and inverses

Solve the following in two ways: with rref of an augmented matrix and by solving a matrix equation

Example 1) $2x + 3y = 13$
 $5x - 2y = 4$

reduced row echelon form

rref	Matrix equation
<p> $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 13 \\ 5 & -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{CALC}}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ augmented matrix \rightarrow \downarrow soln $(2, 3)$ or ordered pair </p>	<p> $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 13 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ $A^{-1} A X = A^{-1} B$ $X = A^{-1} B$ $X = A^{-1} B \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ both on left side soln $(2, 3)$ </p>

Example 2) $3x - 3y + 6z = 20$
 $x - 3y + 10z = 40$
 $-x + 3y - 5z = 30$

math \rightarrow frac

rref	Matrix equation
<p> $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 6 & 20 \\ 1 & -3 & 10 & 40 \\ -1 & 3 & -5 & 30 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{rref}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{118}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$ $(18, \frac{118}{3}, 14)$ </p>	<p> $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 6 \\ 1 & -3 & 10 \\ -1 & 3 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 40 \\ 30 \end{bmatrix}$ $A X = B$ $X = A^{-1} B = \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ \frac{118}{3} \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$ $(18, \frac{118}{3}, 14)$ </p>

Example 3) Write the equation of a line passing through the points (1, 4) and (-3, 10).

$$y = mx + b$$

$$\begin{cases} 4 = 1m + b \\ 10 = -3m + b \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 4 \\ -3 & 1 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{rref}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{11}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{11}{2}$$

example 4) Write the equation of a parabola passing through the points (1, -1), (4, 14) and (-1, 9).

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c \quad \begin{matrix} a & b & c \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} -1 = 1a + 1b + c \\ 14 = 16a + 4b + c \\ 9 = 1a - 1b + c \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 16 & 4 & 1 & 14 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{rref}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{matrix}$$

$$y = 2x^2 - 5x + 2$$

Example 5) Write the equation of a cubic polynomial passing through the points (1, 12), (3, 64), (-4, 2) and (-2, -8)

$$y = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$$

$$\begin{cases} 12 = 1a + 1b + 1c + d \\ 64 = 27a + 9b + 3c + d \\ 2 = -64a + 16b - 4c + d \\ -8 = -8a + 4b - 2c + d \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 12 \\ 27 & 9 & 3 & 1 & 64 \\ -64 & 16 & -4 & 1 & 2 \\ -8 & 4 & -2 & 1 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{rref}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{23}{105} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{24}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{991}{105} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{38}{35} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = \frac{23}{105}x^3 + \frac{24}{7}x^2 + \frac{991}{105}x - \frac{38}{35}$$

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